## Oklahoma Math Grade 3

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Correlated to the Oklahoma Academic Standards for Mathematics


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Erie, Pennsylvania

## Grade 3

| Standard | Oklahoma Math Grade 3 |
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| Grade 3 |  |
| Numbers \& Operations (N) |  |
| 3.N.1.1 Read, write, discuss, and represent whole numbers up to 100,000. Representations should include but are not limited to numerals, words, pictures, number lines, and manipulatives (e.g., $350=3$ hundreds, 5 tens $=35$ tens $=3$ hundreds, 4 tens, 10 ones). | 7.1 (pp. 291-296), 7.3 (pp. 303-308) |
| 3.N.1.2 Use place value to describe whole numbers between 1,000 and 100,000 in terms of ten thousands, thousands, hundreds, tens and ones, including written, standard, and expanded forms. | 7.2 (pp. 297-302) |
| 3.N.1.3 Applying knowledge of place values, use mental strategies (no written computations) to find 100 more or 100 less than a given number, 1,000 more or 1,000 less than a given number, and 10,000 more or 10,000 less than a given number, up to a five-digit number. | 7.4 (pp. 309-314) |
| 3.N.1.4 Use place value to compare and order whole numbers, up to 100,000, using comparative language, numbers, and symbols. | 7.5 (pp. 315-320) |
| 3.N.1.5 Use place value understanding to round numbers to the nearest thousand, ten-thousand and hundred thousand. | 7.6 (pp. 321-326) |
| 3.N.2.1 Represent multiplication facts by modeling a variety of approaches (e.g., manipulatives, repeated addition, equal-sized groups, arrays, area models, equal jumps on a number line, skip counting). | 1.1 (pp. 3-8), 1.2 (pp. 9-14), 1.3 (pp.15-20), 1.4 (pp. 21-26), 2.1 (pp. 5358), 2.2 (pp. 59-64), 2.3 (pp. 65-70), 2.4 (pp. 71-76), 2.5 (pp. 77-82), 2.6 (pp. 83-86), 3.1 (pp. 93-98), 3.2 (pp. 99-104), 3.3 (pp. 105-110), 3.4 (pp. 111-116), 3.5 (pp. 117-122), 3.6 (pp. 123-128), 3.7 (pp. 129-134), 3.8 (pp. 135-138) |
| 3.N.2.2 Demonstrate fluency with multiplication facts using factors up to 10. | 2.1 (pp. 53-58), 2.2 (pp. 59-64), 2.3 (pp. 65-70), 2.4 (pp. 71-76), 2.5 (pp. 77-82), 2.6 (pp. 83-86), 3.1 (pp. 93-98), 3.2 (pp. 99-104), 3.3 (pp. 105110), 3.4 (pp. 111-116), 3.5 (pp. 117-122), 3.6 (pp. 123-128), 3.7 (pp. 129-134), 3.8 (pp. 135-138), 5.1 (pp. 203-208), 5.2 (pp. 209-214), 5.3 (pp. 215-220) |

Big Ideas Learning

## Grade 3

| Standard | Oklahoma Math Grade 3 |
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| 3.N.2.3 Use strategies and algorithms based on knowledge of place value and <br> equality to fluently add and subtract up to five-digit numbers (answer not to <br> exceed 100,000). | 8.1 (pp. 333-338), 8.3 (pp. 345-350), 8.4 (pp. 351-356), 8.5 (pp. 357-362), |

Big Ideas Learning

| Standard | Oklahoma Math Grade 3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3.N.3.3 Apply understanding of unit fractions and use this understanding to compose and decompose fractions related to the same whole. | 10.3 (pp. 487-492), 10.4 (pp. 493-498), 10.5 (pp. 499-504) |
| 3.N.3.4 Use models and number lines to order and compare fractions that are related to the same whole. | 11.1 (pp. 513-518), 11.2. (pp. 519-524), 11.3 (pp. 525-530), 11.4 (pp. 531536), 11.5 (pp. 537-542), 11.6 (pp. 543-548), 11.7 (pp. 549-554) |
| 3.N.4.1 Use addition and subtraction to determine the value of a collection of coins up to one dollar using the cent symbol and in monetary transactions. | 13.1 (pp. 633-638), 13.2 (pp. 639-644), 13.3 (pp. 645-650), 13.5 (pp. 657660) |
| 3.N.4.2 Add and subtract a collection of bills up to twenty dollars using whole dollars in monetary transactions | 13.4 (pp. 651-656), 13.5 (pp. 657-660) |
| Algebraic Reasoning \& Algebra (A) |  |
| 3.A.1.1 Create, describe, and extend patterns involving addition, subtraction, or multiplication to solve problems in a variety of contexts. | 5.1 (pp. 203-208), 5.4 (pp. 221-226) |
| 3.A.1.2 Describe the rule (limited to a single operation) for a pattern from an input/output table or function machine involving addition, subtraction, or multiplication. | 5.5 (pp. 227-232) |
| 3.A.1.3 Explore and develop visual representations of increasing and decreasing geometric patterns and construct the next steps | 14.5 (pp. 703-708) |
| 3.A.2.1 Use number sense with the properties of addition, subtraction, and multiplication, to find unknowns (represented by symbols) in one-step equations. Generate real-world situations to represent number sentences. | 5.3 (pp. 215-220), 5.6 (pp. 233-236), 6.7 (pp. 279-282), 13.7 (pp. 667670), 14. 4 (pp. 697-702) |
| 3.A.2.2 Identify, represent, and apply the number properties (commutative, identity, and associative properties of addition and multiplication) using models and manipulatives to solve problems. | 1.4 (pp. 21-26), 2.4 (pp. 71-76), 3.7 (pp. 129-134) |
| Geometry \& Measurement (GM) |  |
| 3.GM 1.1 Sort three-dimensional shapes based on attributes. | 14.6 (pp. 709-714) |
| 3.GM.1.2 Build a three-dimensional figure using unit cubes when shown a picture of a three-dimensional shape. | 14.7 (pp. 715-720) |

Big Ideas Learning

| Standard | Oklahoma Math Grade 3 |
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| 3.GM.1.3 Classify angles within a polygon as acute, right, obtuse, and straight. | 14.1 (pp. 679-684) |
| 3.GM.2.1 Find the perimeter of a polygon, given whole number lengths of the <br> sides, using a variety of models. | 14.2 (pp. 685-690), 14.3 (pp. 691-696) |
| 3.GM.2.2 Analyze why length and width are multiplied to find the area of a <br> rectangle by decomposing the rectangle into one unit by one unit squares and <br> viewing these as rows and columns to determine the area. | 6.3 (pp. 255-260), 6.5 (pp. 267-272), 6.6 (pp. 273-278) |
| 3.GM.2.3 Count cubes systematically to identify the number of cubes needed to <br> pack the whole or half of a three-dimensional structure. | 14.7 (pp. 715-720) |
| 3.GM.2.4 Find the area of two-dimensional figures by counting the total number <br> of same-size unit squares that fill the shape without gaps or overlaps. | 6.1 (pp. 243-248), 6.2 (pp. 249-254), 6.6 (pp. 273-278) |
| 3.GM.2.5 Choose an appropriate measurement instrument and measure the <br> length of objects to the nearest whole centimeter or whole meter. | 12.9 (pp. 611-616) |
| 3.GM.2.6 Choose an appropriate measurement instrument and measure the <br> length of objects to the nearest whole yard, whole foot, or half inch. | 12.7 (pp. 599-604), 12.8 (pp. 605-610) |
| 3.GM.2.7 Use an analog thermometer to determine temperature to the nearest <br> degree in Fahrenheit and Celsius. | 12.10 (pp. 617-622) |
| 3.GM.3.1 Read and write time to the nearest five-minute interval (analog and <br> digital). | 13.6 (pp. 661-666) |
| 3.GM.3.2 Determine the solutions to problems involving addition and <br> subtraction of time in intervals of five minutes, up to one hour, using pictorial <br> models, number line diagrams, or other tools. | 13.7 (pp. 667-670) <br> Data \& Probability (D) <br> 3.D.1.1 Collect and organize a data set with multiple categories using a <br> frequency table, line plot, pictograph, or bar graph with scaled intervals. |

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| 3.D.1.2 Solve one- and two-step problems using categorical data represented <br> with a frequency table, pictograph, or bar graph with scaled intervals. | 12.1 (pp. 563-568), 12.2 (pp.569-574), 12.3 (pp. 575-580), 12.4 (pp. 581- <br> $586), 12.5 ~(p p .587-592), ~ 12.6 ~(p p . ~ 593-599), ~$ |

